THE FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE.

To correct some misapprehension in the pub- mind we request you to publish the follow- statement of facts;

The negro man Joshua Glover belongs to Mr. rland as a slave for life, under the laws of state of Missouri where Mr. Garland re- es. He ran away and escaped in the coun- of St. Louis in the spring of 1852.

Having learned that his slave resided near ine in this state, Mr. Garland, in pursu- e of law, at the February term 1851, of court of Common Pleas of St Louis coun- made Proof of his property in said slave, the fact of his escape, and the identity of person. He came to this city with proper exemplification of the record said court, and upon producing the same ether with his affidavit further proving the e material facts, to the District Judge of district of Wisconsin, obtained a process to st his slave and bring him before said Judge. The alleged fugitive was arrested and lodged jail yesterday morning for safe keeping until matter could be heard by the Judge. The was broken and he was rescued and carried ay by the mob. About the same time Mr. rland was arrested by the Sheriff of Racine unty, upon a warrant issued by D. McDon- , mayor, for an alleged assault and battery, n his slave. We immediately applied the District Judge, for a writ of *habeas cor-* under an act of Congress, which provides follows:—"That either of the Justices of Supreme Court, or a Judge of any district rt of the United States, in addition to the thority already conferred by law, shall have wer to grant writs of *habeas corpus*, in all ca- of a prisoner or prisoners in jail, or confine- nt, when he or they shall be committed or ined on or by any authority, of law, for any done or omitted to be done in pursuance of w of the United States" &c. The writ s allowed, served, and returned: and the hear- will take place on Monday morning. The ition was based upon the affidavit of Mr. Gar- d, stating in substance, the facts above men- ed, and that he had used no force upon the e except on the occasion of his arrest by the uty Marshall, and then only at the request said Marshall to aid him, and only so much was necessary, to effect the arrest of said ve.

Immediately after the arrest, the slave stated t if he had recognized Mr. Garland he uld at once have given himself up to him, knowledged fully his slavery and his escape, d said he would have returned to Mr. Gar- d long ago if he had dared to do so.

The above facts will be substantiated fully at hearing before the District Judge.

We are authorized by Mr. Garland to say t the rumor that he has been offered $1700 his slave and refused to take it, is without ndation.

The proceedings of Mr. Garland have been tirely in accordance with the public laws of United States, and he appeals to all good izens who respect law and order that he uld not here in Wisconsin be denied the jus- to which the laws of his country entitle m.

ARNOLD & HAMILTON.

March 12, 1854.